UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

KENNETH L. MORRIS,

Plaintiff,

 $\mathbf{v}.$

Case No. 22-CV-1419

KRISTY BAHR, et al.,

Defendants.

ORDER

On June 28, 2024, the defendants filed a motion for summary judgment on the merits. (ECF No. 26.) Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 15(b)(2), and a Notice an Order issued by the court on July 1, 2024, *pro se* plaintiff Kenneth L. Morris had until July 29, 2024, to respond to the defendants' motion for summary judgment. (ECF No. 57.) The court cautioned Morris that if he failed to respond to the summary judgment motion, the court would accept all facts asserted by the defendants as true and likely grant their motion.

The court has not heard from Morris. As such, the court will construe the defendants' motion for summary judgment as unopposed. The court has reviewed the defendants' motion, brief in support, and the undisputed facts, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(e)(2), and concludes that they are entitled to summary judgment on the merits. Based on the undisputed facts, it is clear that the defendants did not violate Morris's

Eighth Amendment rights by verbally harassing him. Accordingly, the case is dismissed.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED the defendants' motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 26) is GRANTED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this case is DISMISSED. The Clerk of Court will enter judgment accordingly.

This order and the judgment to follow are final. A dissatisfied party may appeal this court's decision to the Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit by filing in this court a notice of appeal within **30 days** of the entry of judgment. *See* Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 3, 4. This court may extend this deadline if a party timely requests an extension and shows good cause or excusable neglect for not being able to meet the 30-day deadline. *See* Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(5)(A).

Under certain circumstances, a party may ask this court to alter or amend its judgment under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59(e) or ask for relief from judgment under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b). Any motion under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59(e) must be filed within **28 days** of the entry of judgment. The court cannot extend this deadline. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 6(b)(2). Any motion under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b) must be filed within a reasonable time, generally no more than one year after the entry of the judgment. The court cannot extend this deadline. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 6(b)(2).

A party is expected to closely review all applicable rules and determine, what, if any, further action is appropriate in a case.

Dated in Milwaukee, Wisconsin this 28th day of August, 2024.

STEPHEN DRIES

United States Magistrate Judge